

The Provisional Government
of the
REPUBLIC OF NEW AFRIKA
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STATEMENT OF SUPPORT FOR THE IRANIAN PEOPLE FROM THE PROVISIONAL GOVERNMENT OF THE REPUBLIC OF NEW AFRIKA

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The Provisional Government of the Republic of New Afrika warmly receives the order by the Ayatollah Ruhollah Khomeini regarding the release of New Afrikans (that is Blacks Born in America) detained since November 3, 1979 at the American Embassy in Tehran. We receive this order in gratitude for the release of the Black individuals involved and in appreciation of it as a statement of support for the Black Liberation Movement in America.

At this moment of international confrontation between Iran and the United States Government, We would respond to this statement with a statement in kind. We fully support the Iranian people, the Iranian students in Iran and in America, and the leadership of the Iranian people in their present struggle against American interference and intrusions into Iranian affairs.

In Tehran students have seized the American Embassy and taken numerous American hostages, demanding, with the over whelming support of the Iranian people, that the United States deliver to Iran the former Shah who is to be tried for crimes against the Iranian population. We see this as a reasonable demand.

We do not applaud the fact that Americans are detained in the Embassy. and We normally would not cheer the fact that a foreign embassy has been taken. However it is clear to us that the detention of the Americans should be charged to the American Government which arrogantly refuses to deliver to Iranian authorities a person who is charged with the theft of over 6 billion dollars from the Iranian people and with the butcher of thousands of the Iranian population. Moreover We are persuaded that Ayatollah Khomeini's charges against the Embassy in Tehran are true. The Ayatollah asserts that the Embassy has served as a cesspool of subversive C.I.A. activity. The C.I.A.'s world renown record of terrorism and counter-revolutionary subversion is well known to us. In Afrika, Latin America, Asia, Southeast Asia and against the Republic of New Afrika it has plotted against peoples' movements; subversion, murder and other forms of terrorism are common tools of C.I.A. operations. It has as a matter of course aligned itself with and recruited corrupt dictators and puppets who sell their people out to United States imperialistic interest. The Shah who accepted the former C.I.A. head Richard Helms as a ambassador to Iran is, We believe, one of many corrupt C.I.A. cohorts.

The United States now prepares to expend resources to deport 30,000 Iranian students rather than to return the Shah to Iran for trial and thereby gain the release of all American detainees. This massive misuse of tax dollars demonstrates the U.S. governments complicity with the Shah in his plunder of the Iranian people. The U.S. Government is of course mindful of its various relationships with corrupt and illegal governments in South

Africa, Zaire, throughout Latin America, in Korea and in Israel. To tender the crooked Shah for trial would leave the U.S. influence with other suspect regimes on fragile grounds. The United States government is more concerned with its relations with these crooked regimes and the relationship between these regimes and American big business Tycoons who control the U.S. government, than it is with the comfort or security of Americans detained in the U.S. Embassy in Tehran.

Finally We might suggest that the United States Government consider closely the present lesson in international reciprocity. In the words of a New Afrikan idiom "What goes around comes around". At this moment there are literally thousands of New Afrikans, black freedom fighters, being held hostage in American prisons across this country as a result of the U.S. governments' war on the Black movement. Imari Obadele, Hekima Ana, Karim Njabafudi and Wayne X James of the RNA-11, Rev Ben Chavis of the Wilmington 10 political prisoners, Sundiata Acoli and other alleged members of the Black Liberation Army, and Geronomo Pratt of the Black Panther Party can be quickly noted here just to name a few. They are political prisoners of an unjust war against them and their people. They are treated in most instances far worst than the American detainees in Iran. Many of them have sentences in excess of 100 years. Unless this unjust situation and numerous others like it are rectified by the U.S. government, We can all expect that the victims of U.S. lawlessness will respond by those means necessary. The United States has clearly been the author of its own difficulty.

Keeping this in mind We urge our people not to expend one monents' energy in cooperation with the United States in its current crisis.